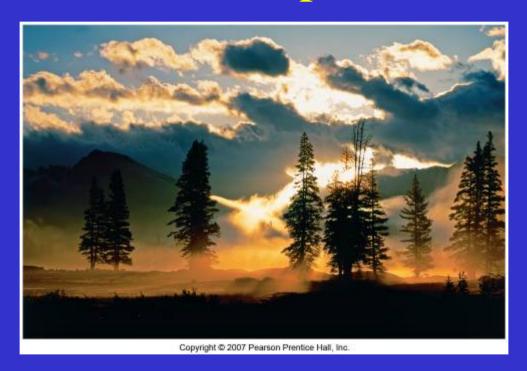
## Chapter 4 Moisture and Atmospheric Stability



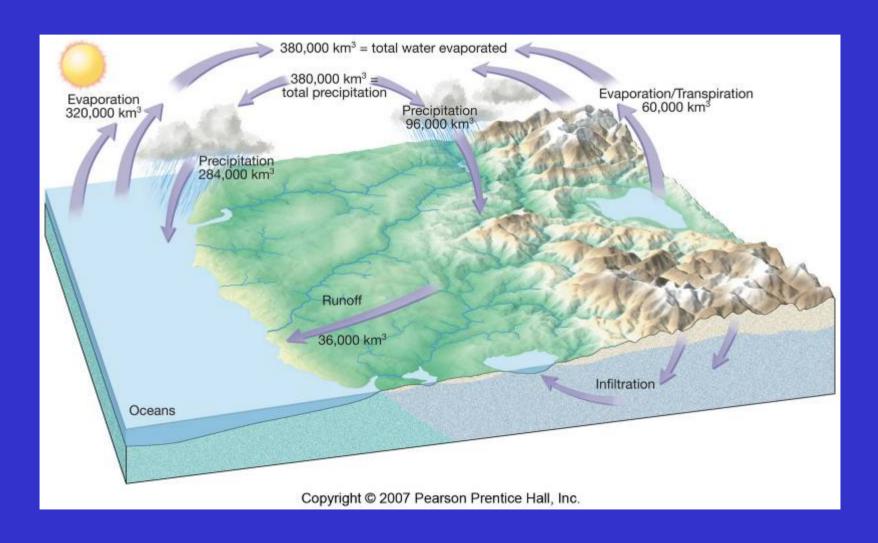
The Atmosphere 10e

Lutgens & Tarbuck Power Point by Michael C. LoPresto

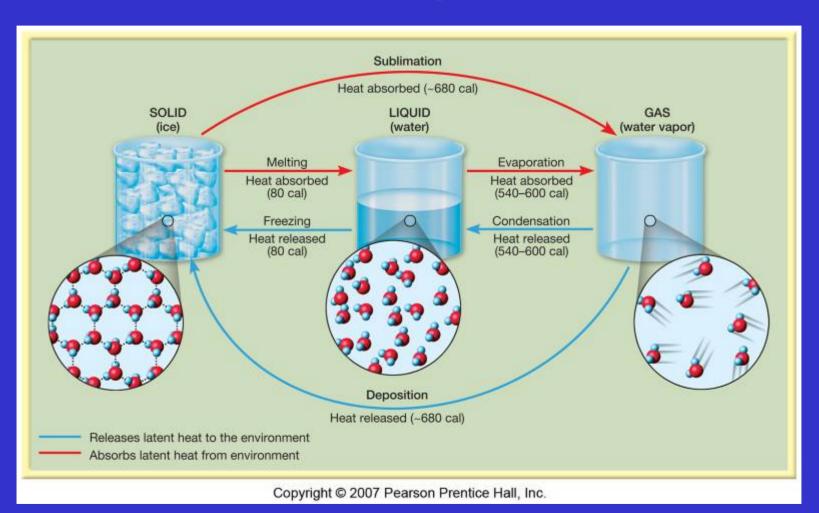


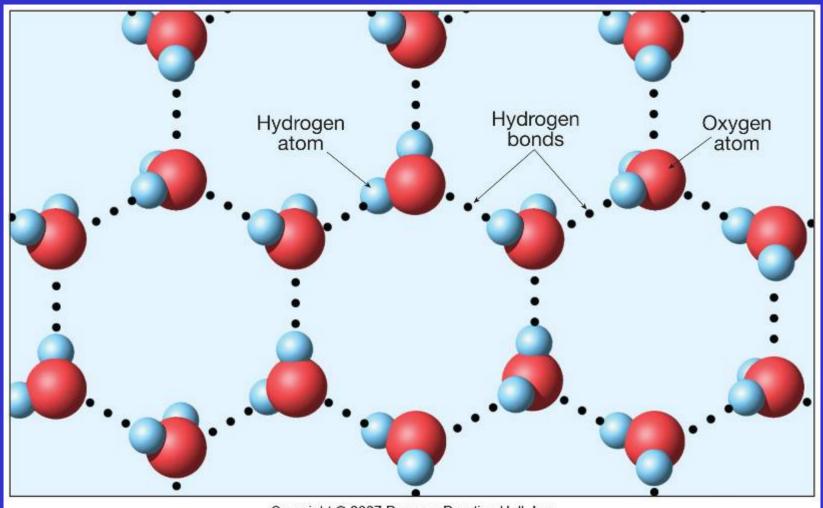
#### Steam Fog over a Lake

## The Hydrologic Cycle



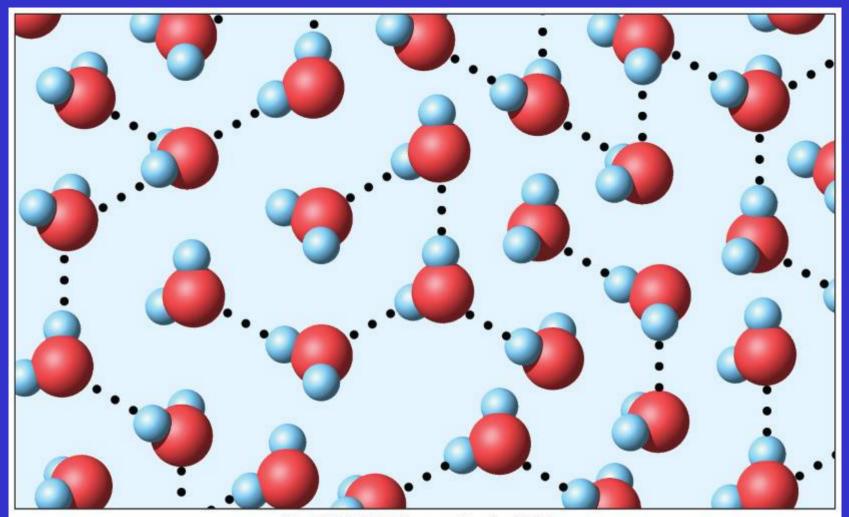
## Water's Changes of State





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## Water



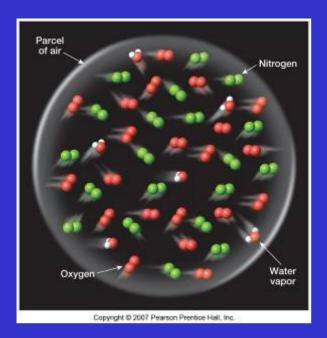
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#### Condensation of Water Vapor Generates Fog

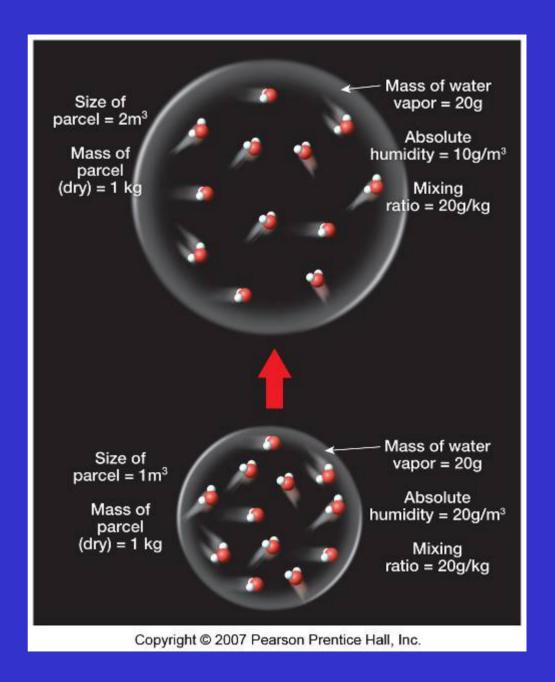
#### Frost on a Window Pane

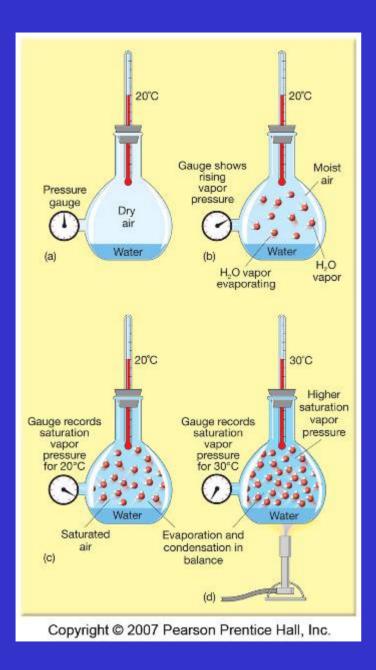


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Humidity
Is the
Content of
Water Vapor
in the Air





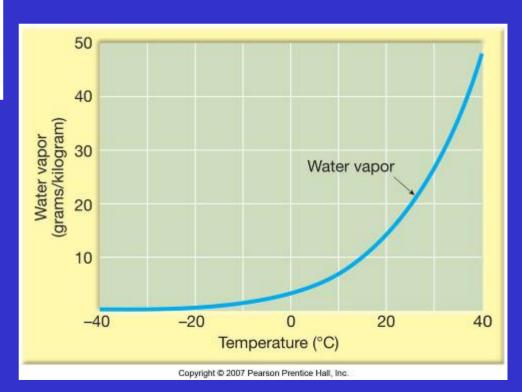
# Relationship between Vapor Pressure and Saturation

TABLE 4-1 Saturation mixing ratio (at sea-level pressure)

Temperature °C (°F)	Saturation mixing ratio g/kg	
-40 (-40)	0.1	
-30(-22)	0.3	
-20 (-4)	0.75	
-10 (14)	2	
0 (32)	3.5	
5 (41)	5	
10 (50)	7	
15 (59)	10	
20 (68)	14	
25 (77)	20	
30 (86)	26.5	
35 (95)	35	
40 (104)	47	

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## Saturation Vapor Pressure Varies with Temperature



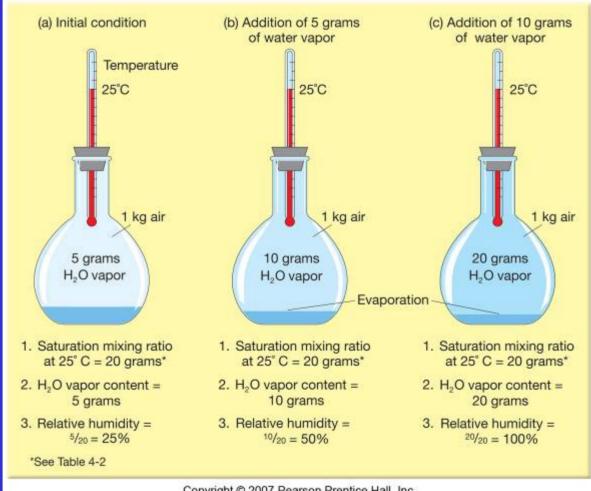
Hot desert air with low relative humidity will actually have a higher water vapor-content than frigid air with high relative humidity





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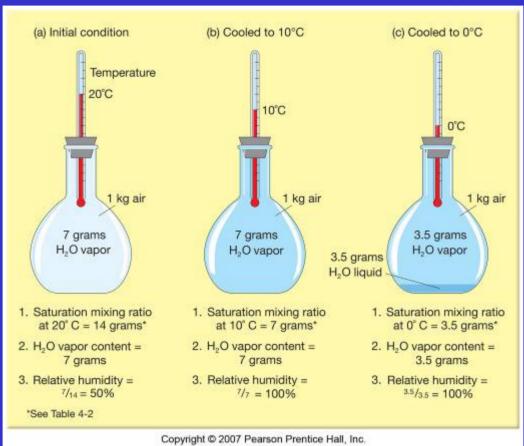
### Relative Humidity



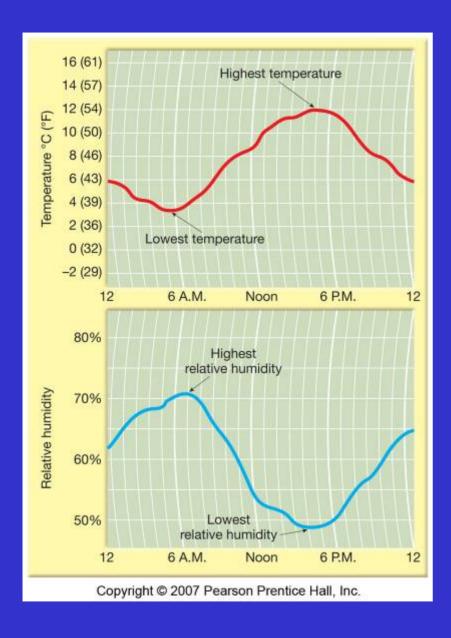
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#### Changes with Added Moisture

### Relative Humidity



#### Changes with Temperature



## Daily Changes in Relative Humidity with Temperature

Cold
Drinking-glasses
Chill
Surrounding
Air
to the
Dew-Point



Condensation on Cold Drinking-glasses

#### TABLE 4–2 Dew-point thresholds

#### **Dew-point temperature**

$\leq 10^{\circ} \text{F}$	Significant snowfall is inhibited.
----------------------------	------------------------------------

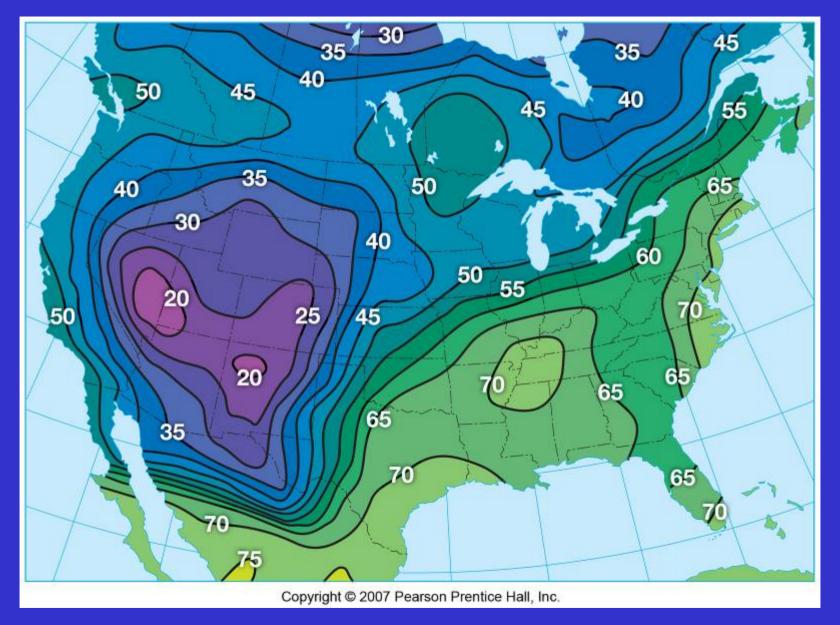
> FFOT	N 1 :		1
≥ 55°F	Minimum for	: severe thun	derstorms to form.

$\geq 65^{\circ} F$	Considered humid by most people.
---------------------	----------------------------------

≥ 70 r Typical of the railly tropics	≥ 70°F	Typical of the rainy tropics.
--------------------------------------	--------	-------------------------------

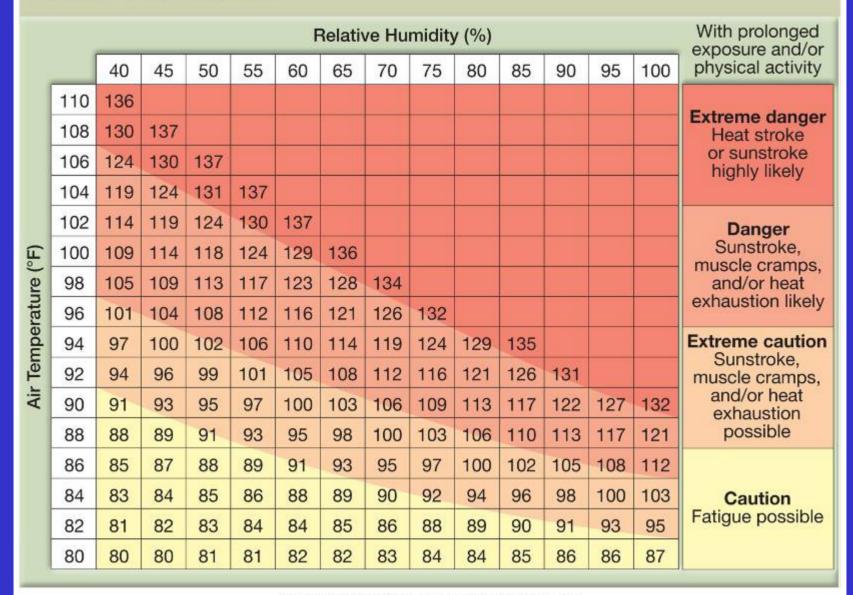
$\geq 75^{\circ} F$	Considered	oppressive	by most.
---------------------	------------	------------	----------

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**Dew Point Temperatures** 

#### TABLE 4-A Heat index



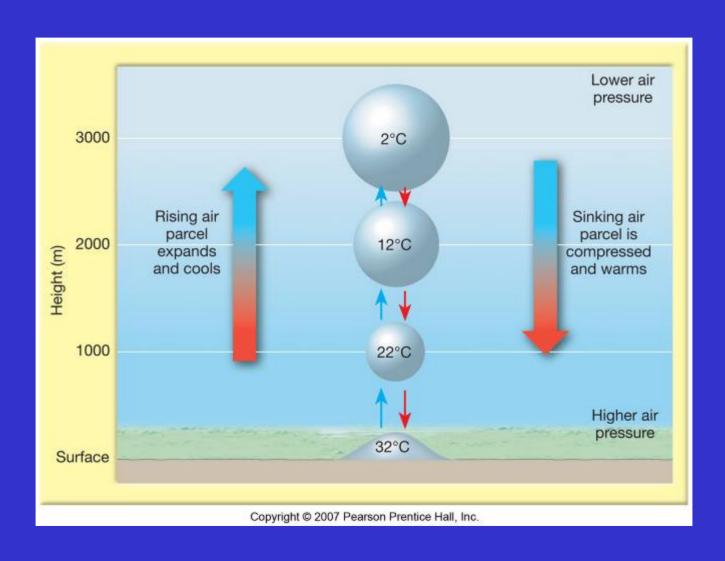
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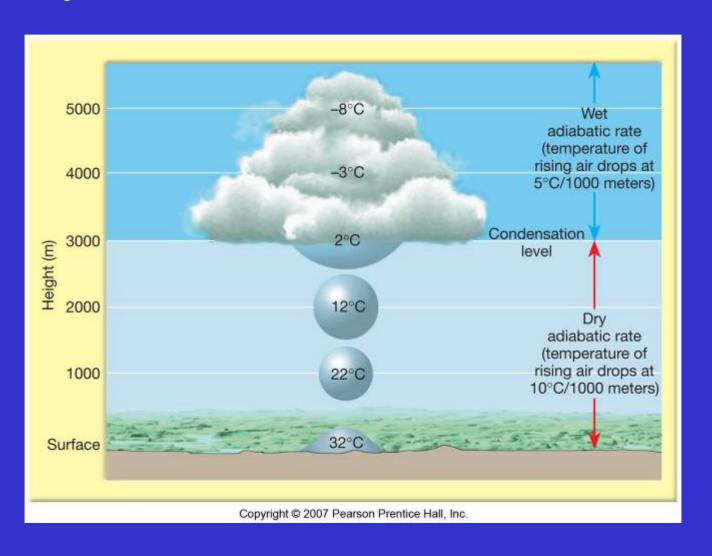
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## Sling Psychrometer

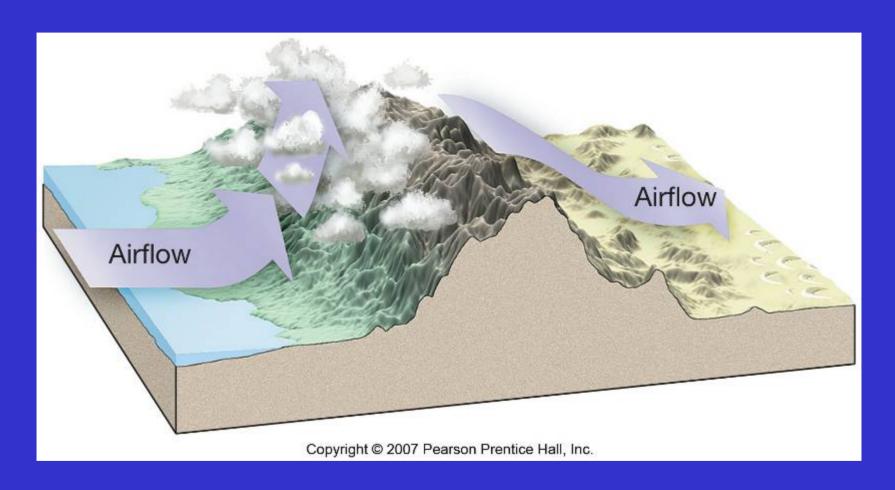
## Adiabatic Temperature Changes



## Dry and Wet Adiabatic Rates



## Lifting Processes

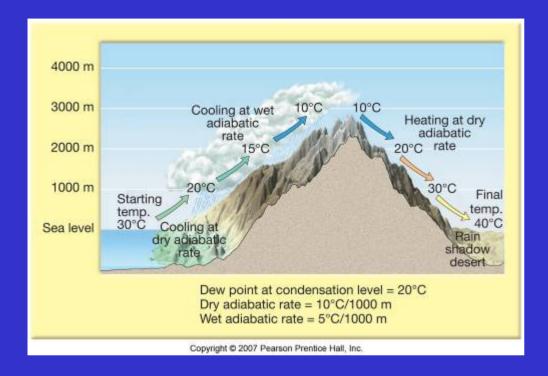


#### Orographic

#### Heavy Precipitation in Mountains

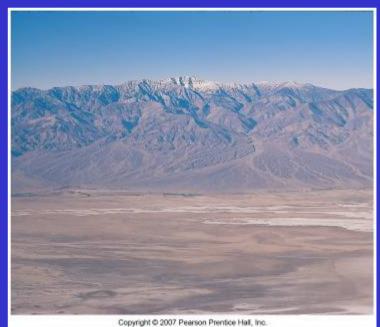


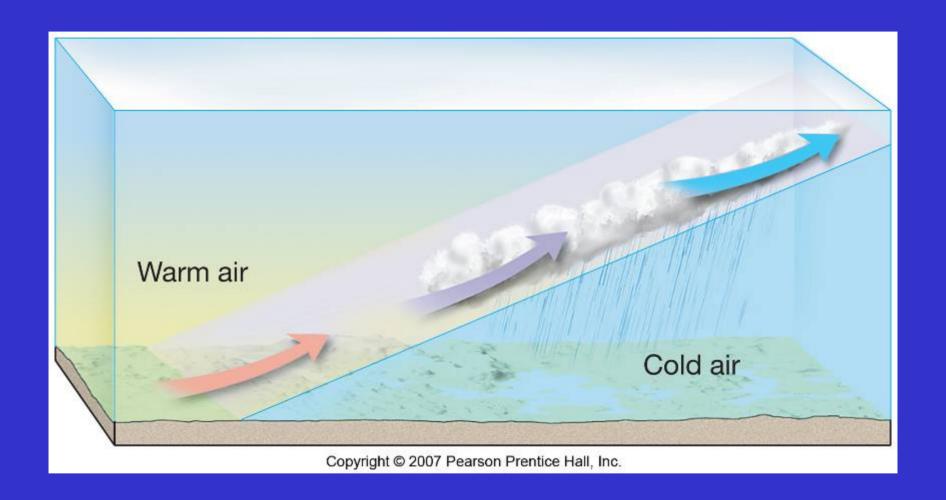
Snow Pack in the Rocky Mountains



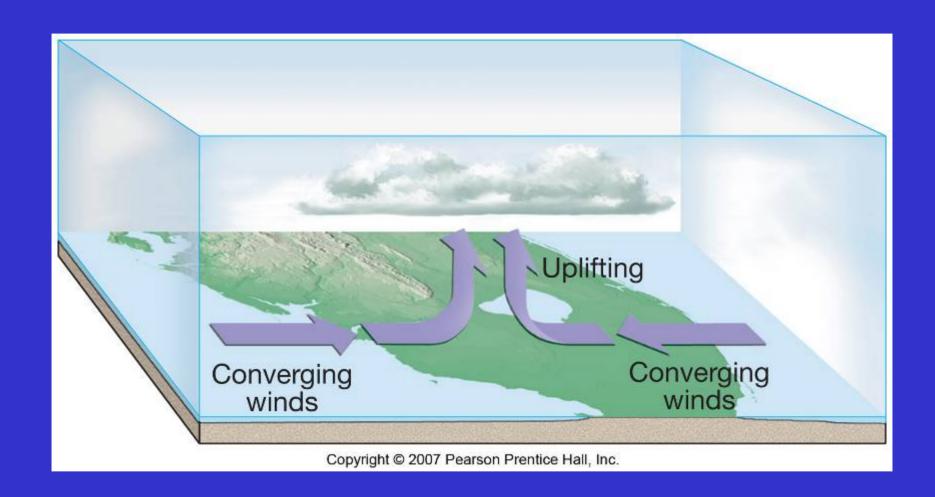
#### Rain Shadow Desert

#### Death Valley



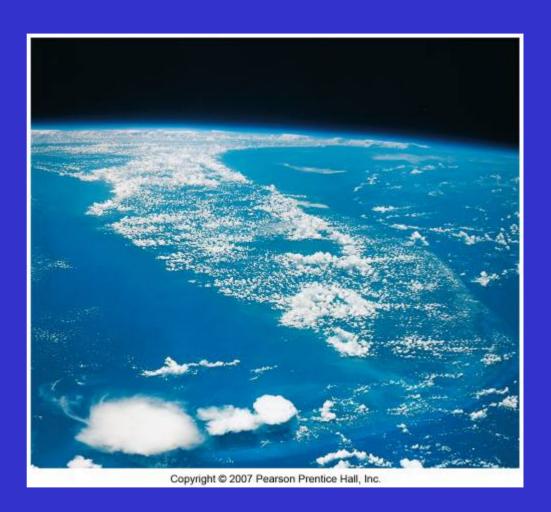


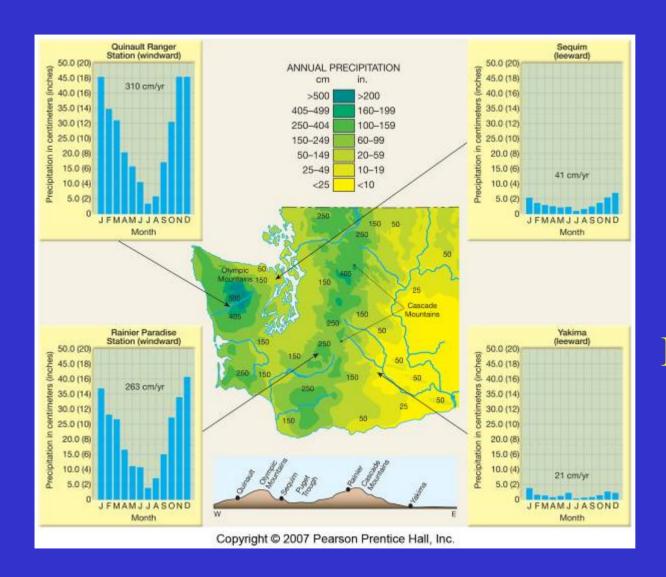
#### Frontal Wedging



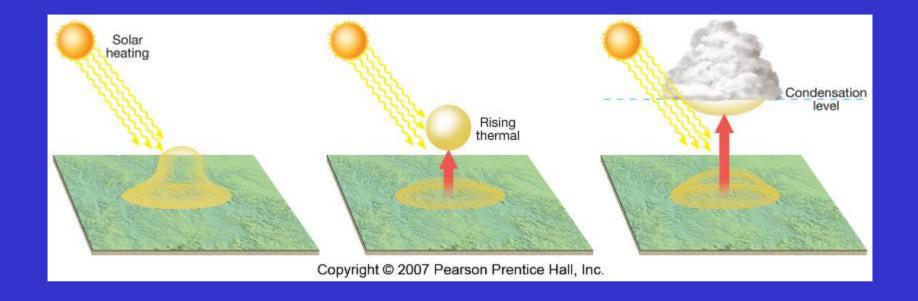
#### Convergence

#### Convergence over Southern Florida



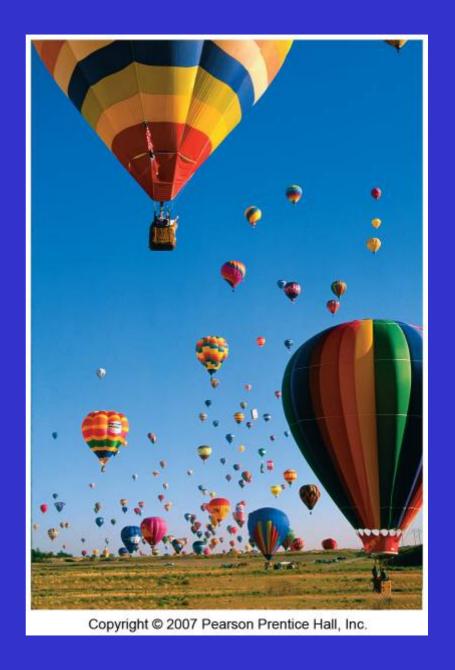


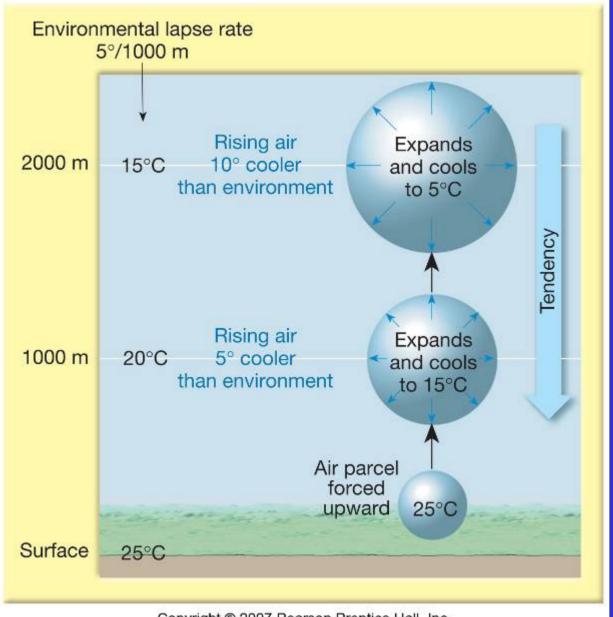
# Wetter Windward Locations and Leeward Rain Shadows



#### Convection

As long as air in a balloon is hotter than the surrounding air, it will rise

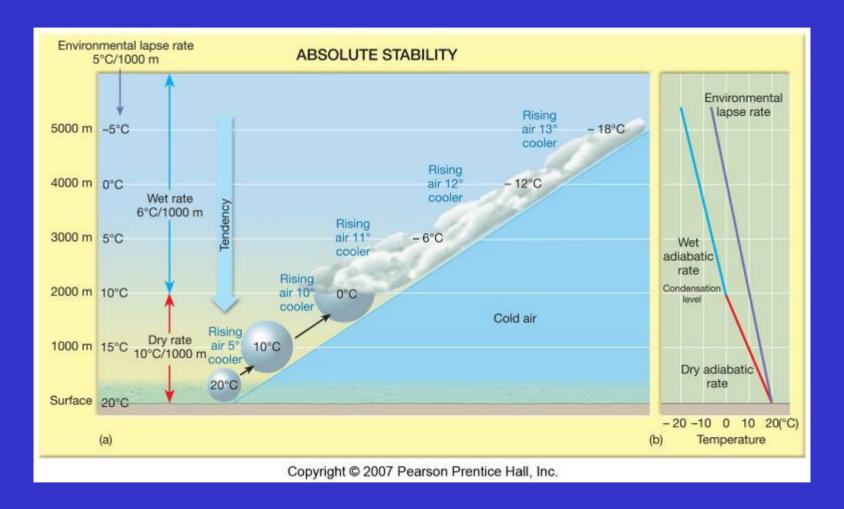




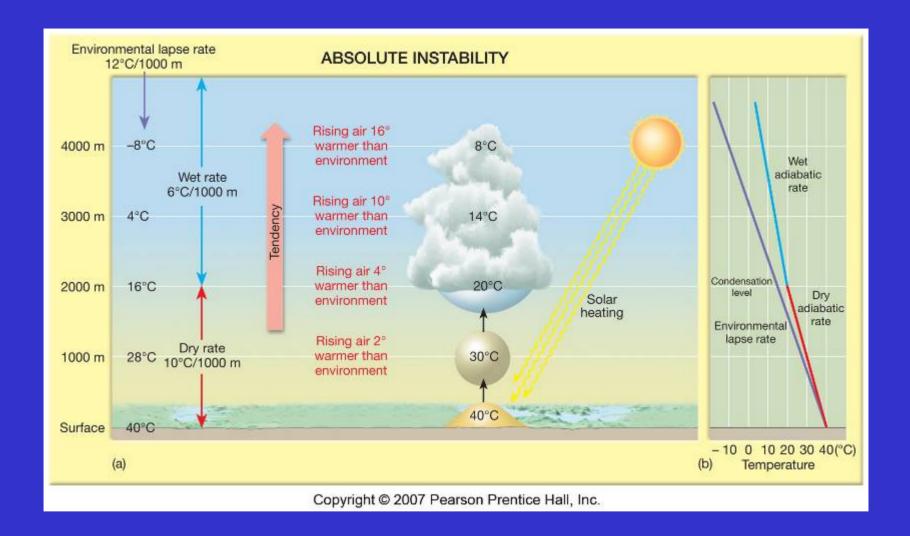
## Adiabatic Cooling

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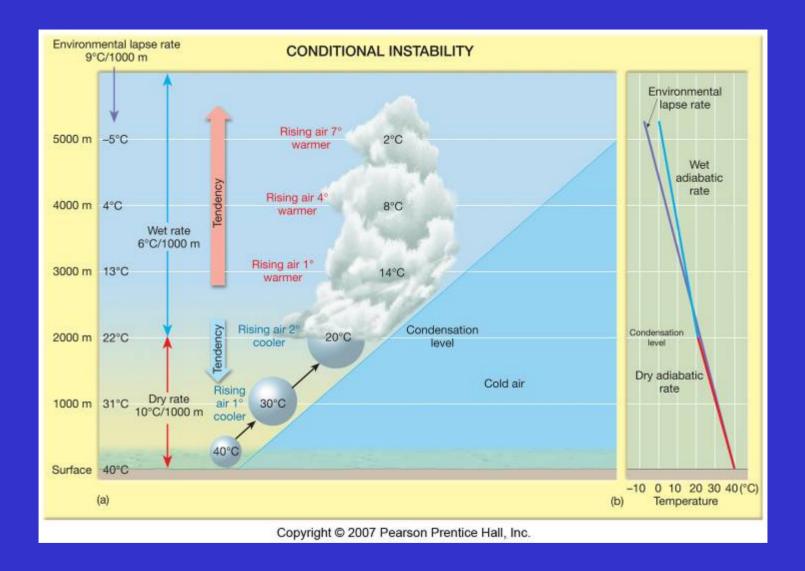
### Atmospheric Stability



Absolute Stability



#### **Absolute Instability**



#### Conditional Stability

#### An Unstable Atmosphere



## Chapter 4

**END**